Please amend the application as follows:

## In the specification:

Replace the paragraph running from page 4, line 29 through page 5 line 3 with the amended paragraph below.

As is shown in Figures 2 and 3, the body of the stent 11 may comprise a plurality of main body cylindrical elements 100 formed from first circumferential segments 50 that are joined with second circumferential segments 60. The second circumferential segments 60 of each cylindrical element 100 may be joined with second circumferential segments 60 of adjacent cylindrical elements 100 to form a plurality of first helical segments 30 and 40 in the main body 11. (See Fig. 2). Each first circumferential segment 50 may have a circumferential dimension 55 and each second circumferential segments 60 may have a circumferential dimension 66. 66′ (See Fig. 3). In some embodiments, it may be desirable for the circumferential dimension 55 of the first expandable element 50 to be larger than the circumferential dimension 66 66′ of the second expandable element 60.

Replace the paragraph on page 5, lines 16-23 with the amended paragraph below.

In the embodiment shown in Figs. 1-5, the first circumferential elements 50 comprise linear portions 320 and curved portions 328 that join the linear portions 320 together to form a repeating pattern. In some, but not all, embodiments, the linear portion 320 may be parallel to the cylindrical axis

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of the stent. In other embodiments, the linear portion 320 lies at an angle of between 0-45 degrees with respect to the cylindrical axis. The first circumferential segment 50 has an amplitude 350 and a period 380. In one embodiment the amplitude may range from 0.5 mm to 2.0 mm and the period may range from 0.5 mm to 2.0 mm. In some embodiments, the amplitude is less than the period. Other amplitudes and periods may be used depending on the overall stent design and performance constraints.

Replace the paragraph running from page 5, line 24 through page 6, line 13 with the amended paragraph below.

The second circumferential element 60, which may be joined together in a helical pattern to form one or more helical segments 30 or 40, may also take numerous forms, in addition to the form shown in Figure 6. In the embodiment shown in Fig 6, the second circumferential element 60 comprises linear portions 412 and curved portions 414 having a filament width 407, and resembles generally an S-shaped structure. In addition, the second element circumferential segment 60 may have an angled portion 417 attached to the linear portion 412 at an end opposite that of the curved portion 414. The angled portion may be oriented to form an angle  $\alpha$  relative to the cylindrical axis of the stent 5 in the range of 0-45 degrees. In at least one embodiment, the preferable angle  $\alpha$  is about 10 degrees. In some embodiments, the linear portions 412 of the second circumferential element 60 lies at an angle  $\Omega$  relative to the cylindrical axis of the stent, wherein  $\Omega$  preferably ranges from 0 to 45 degrees. When viewed in a planar fashion as in Fig. 2, the linear portions 412 may, in some embodiments, form an angle

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 $\Omega$ , relative to the cylindrical axis of the stent. embodiments,  $\Omega$  may be approximately equal to the helical angle of the first helical segments 30 and 40. In one embodiment, the second circumferential elements 60 may have an amplitude 300 (see Figs. 3, 4, and 6) ranging from 0.5 mm to 2.0 mm and a period 310 ranging from 0.5 mm to 2.0 mm. Other ranges may be used depending on the particular stent size and design being In one embodiment, the preferred period is about 0.82 mm and the preferred length of the linear portion 412 is about 0.5 mm and the amplitude 300 is about 0.38 mm. The amplitude of the second circumferential element 60 may be greater than, equal to, or less than the amplitude of the first circumferential element 50. In one embodiment, the circumferential contributions of the first circumferential elements 50 to the overall circumference of the main body 11 is greater than the circumferential contribution of the second circumferential element 60, in terms of either circumferential length or circumferential cylindrical surface area. In one embodiment, the stent may have an overall outer surface area of about 0.029 square inches.

Replace the paragraph on page 8, lines 9-18 with the amended paragraph below.

In the embodiment shown in Figs. 1, 7, 8, and 9, which is exemplary only, the linear segments 28 in the endzone 10, are oriented at an angle  $\varepsilon$  relative to the cylindrical axis of the stent. In one embodiment, the angle  $\varepsilon$  is greater than 0 degrees. In another embodiment, the angle  $\varepsilon$  may range from 0 to 45 degrees and in still another one embodiment is preferably about 10 degrees. The segments of the endzone may have a filament width

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13 of between 0.002 and 0.007 inches. In one embodiment, the repeating pattern of the endzone has a period 2 of about 0.027 inches and an amplitude 21 of about 0.043 inches. Other values may be used. As is shown in Figure 1, the struts 15, which are but one way to attach the endzones 10 and 20 to the main body 11, may, in one embodiment have a width of between 0.002 inches and 0.08 inches and preferably the width does not exceed the wall thickness, which typically --but not necessarily ranges from about 0.002 to 0.008 inches.

Replace the paragraph running from page 8, line 25 through page 9, line 3 with the amended paragraph below.

While endzones 10 and 20 may be used to provide square edge, not all stents according to the present invention require Figures 12-15 depict an endzoneless stent. Like the endzones. stent shown in Figures 1-9, the stent of Figures  $\frac{12-15}{7}$ , 12-15 comprises a plurality of adjacent cylindrical elements 100. The cylindrical elements 100 are formed from a plurality of first circumferential elements 50' and second circumferential elements The first circumferential elements 50' of the stent in 60. Figures 12-15 are substantially identical to the second circumferential element 60 except that they are rotated to have a different orientation. The circumferential elements may be generally S-shaped having a linear portion 412, a curved portion 414 having a radius R, and an angled portion 417. R may vary widely depending on overall stent characteristics and in one embodiment varies between 0.001 and 0.02 inches and is preferably about 0.0083 inches. The angled portion 417 is spaced a distance 499 from the linear portion. particular embodiment, the distance 499 may vary from 0.002 to 0.020 inches and is preferably about 0.007 inches. The filament

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width 407 of the elements may, in one embodiment, be about 0.13 mm. The circumferential elements depicted in Figure 14 and the expansion elements depicted in Figure 15 are positioned about the cylindrical axis 5 as defined by angle K and may be generally S-shaped having a linear portion 412, a curved portion 414 having a radius R, and an angled portion 417. The angle K may vary widely depending on overall stent characteristics and range of radial compression or expansion about the axis 5.

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